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Paris, January 10.

THE Exchange of the two Princeſſes upon the Frontiers of Spain, which was fixed to the 8th or 9th Inſtant, is put off for ſome Days longer, Advices being arrived at Court that the River Adour had ſo much overflowed, that Mademoiſelle de Montpenſier had been obliged to ſtop; and that the like overflowing of Rivers had happened in Biſcay where the Infanta of Spain was to paſs. M. Lawleſs, who ſince the Duke d'Oſſuna's Arrival here had taken upon him the Character of Ambaſſadour Extraordinary from the Catholick King, is recalled, and will ſet out ſhortly for Majorca, of which Iſland the King of Spain has made him Governour. The Duke of Bournonville formerly Baron de Caprés, is named by the Court of Madrid to reſide here in Quality of Ambaſſadour Extraordinary. The Marqueſs de Villequier, Son to the Duke d'Aumont, is made a Duke and Peer, upon the voluntary Reſignation of his Father, who has reſerved to himſelf only the Title of Duke, with the ordinary Prerogatives at Court. It is ſaid the Duke de Lauzun is going to paſs the Remainder of his Life in Retirement. The following Extract of the Advices relating to the Plague received by the Court to the 7th of January, has been communicated to the foreign Miniſters.

M. de Rambion Brigadier in the Vivaretz, in his Letter of the 24th of December, continues to aſſure us that the Vivaretz is in a good State of Health. Tabias has not the Diſtemper, a Woman and a Child who had the Small Pox there are recovered. At Laurac the Sickneſs continues only in that Houſe which was ſingly infected. At St. Genaix ſeveral Perſons who were ſick recover daily, and none has died there ſince the 15th. In general the Mortality has very much decreaſed every where. M. de Rothe Lieutenant General in his of the 22d, 24th and 26th of December, writes, that two had died at Concoules the 21ſt and 22d. At Genouillac one was dead of old Age, and three had been newly taken ill. From the 19th to the 24th, 20 were dead and two newly fallen ſick at Alais. M. de Cauſſade Brigadier in his of the 22d of December confirms the good State of Health of the Lower Auvergne, and the Decreaſe of the Plague in the Gevaudan. M. de la Deveze writes the 16th of December, that it was hoped the Diſtemper would ſoon ceaſe at Mende; in the mean time three or four Perſons died and ſix or ſeven fell ill there daily; in the Infirmaries there were 132 recovering. At Marvejols died one or two a Day; good Order was re-eſtabliſhed there, and they wanted Ingredients for Perfumes. No new Place was infected. At Fontanez only one Perſon was ſick, and of an ordinary Diſtemper. The Sickneſs at Ras was ſtopt by the ſhutting up of one Houſe which was infected. He had cauſed ſix Buriers of the Dead of Mende, to take away a ſick Perſon from an Houſe at Nuejols, and carry him to Mende. The Viſcount de Beaune Lieutenant General in his of the 21ſt of December confirms the Decreaſe of the Diſtemper in the Gevaudan, and ſays the whole Number of the dead there to that time was reckoned to be 4796. The Biſhop of Alais writes the 22d of December, that 34 ſick there were in a very fair way of Recovery, that the two who were under Quaraotain were very well, and that he deſigned to cauſe 60 Perſons who had performed Quarantain abroad to return into the Town the Day after the Holidays. M. de Vieuſſens Phyſician at Alais writes the 22d of December, that only 34 ſick were left in the Suburbs, nine of which were going to be ſent to thoſe on the Recovery. The Duke de Roquelaure in his of the 22d, 24th and 26th of December gives the ſame Accounts from the Gevaudan; he adds, that the Quarantain began at Marvejols the 9th, and that to the 16th none had died or fallen ſick in that Town; a new Supply of Ingredients for Perfumes had been ſent thither to finiſh the Diſinfection. Two Perſons had died at la Canourgue pretty ſuddenly, and a Woman was fallen ſick; but it was judged to be of ordinary Diſtempers. Ras, Fontanez, and Nuejols, which had been ſuſpected, are in perfect Health. For 40 Days paſt no new Place had been infected in the Gevaudan. Langogne which had been put under Quarantain on Account of a Burier of the dead who fled thither from Mende, had not in 38 Days had any ſick or dead. The Abbey of Chambon and the Farms belonging to it, are abſolutely free from the Plague. M. de Bernage in his of the 19th and 24th of December, relating almoſt the ſame things, adds, that the Suſpicion entertained of Uzez was groundleſs, that a Man who died there had no Marks of Contagion; and that the Diſtemper had broke out again at la Canourgue, by the Fault of an Inhabitant who had brought it from Banaſſac, and communicated it to two or three Perſons. M. d'Orſay, Intendant in

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Dauphiné, writes the 21st of December, that the 12th there were very few ſick at Orange; where had died in all, the Neighbourhood included, 120 Perſons. Towards the End of November there died at Avignon in ſeven Days above 1000 Perſons, but the Diſtemper has a little decreaſed there. M. de Vedrille in his of the 19th of December, ſends an Account of the dead at Avignon to the 10th of December, amounting to 3139 Perſons; and a Letter which he had received from thence, adviſing, that on the 7th and 8th 80 died and 55 fell ill there. The Marquess de Chabrillant in his of the 25th of December writes, that the Advices from Avignon of the 21ſt ſaid, many of thoſe who had been ſick ſome Time died, but few had been newly taken ill, which was attributed to the cold Weather: This made it judged, that the Diſtemper was drawing to an End in that City. According to a Letter from Orange of the 14th, that Town had none ſick, but ſeveral Farm-houſes in its Diſtrict were infected. Salindres, which was believed to be free, is ſuſpected a-new, from the Death of an Innkeeper after 24 Hours Illneſs. M. de Belrieu, Major-General, writes the 22d of December, that on the 6th 11 Perſons were put under Quarantain at Frejus, and one Houſe there was ſhut up where a Deſerter had lain, becauſe ſome of his Comrades had died of the Plague. That Deſerter had got Lodging by producing a Bill of Health which the Conſuls of Bagnols had given to his Father, who let his Son have it; a Detachment was ſent to ſeize him. M. de Launay in his of the 24th of December, ſays Dauphiné is in perfect Health, and that the Line from the Durance to the Rhoſne is duely kept. The Marqueſs de Brancas in his of the 22d and 24th of December writes, that for 16 Days only one Woman had fallen ſick at Alauch. The Diſtemper decreaſed at Beſſe and Roque. The Marqueſs de Caylus, in his of the 23d of November ſends a general Account of all the Places of Provence which have had the Infection, and of the Number of the dead at each Place: Thoſe Places are 52, and the Total of the dead in them is 87796. M. le Bret, Intendant of Provence, in his of the 22d of December writes, that Alauch and Beſſe give Hopes of Recovery. Roquebruſſanne was not ſo well. Avignon was ſaid to be growing better. M. Perrin Major General in his of the 21ſt of December confirms, that the Diſtemper draws to an end in Provence; Beſſe, Roquebruſſanne and Alauch being the only Places infected, and the Sickneſs decreaſing there daily. M. de Montlibert an Ingenier at Toulon, writes the 10th of December, that Gazeau, St. Eſtayer, Carnoulles, Gonfaron, Flaſſan, Cabaſſe, Forcalqueret, and Pierrefeuca, are newly infected, and three or four other Places ſuſpected: Theſe Places are in the Neighbourhood of Toulon.

Whitehall, Jan. 5, 1721-22.

Whereas on Monday the 1ſt Inſtant, between the Hours of 10 and 11 at Night, Edward Criſpe of Bury St. Edmund's, in the County of Suffolk, Eſq; was aſſaulted in the Church-Yard there and knocked down by Perſons unknown, and dragged to a Dunghill where he was moſt barbarouſly cut and mangled, his Noſe ſlit, one of his Cheeks cut to pieces, his Teeth and Jaw-bone laid bare, one of his Shoulders wounded to the Bone, and his Throat cut in two Places, and was there left for dead; His Majeſty, for the better Diſcovery of the Offenders, and for bringing to condign Puniſhment ſome one or more of the Perſons concerned in ſo horrid and inhuman a Fact, is pleaſed to promiſe his moſt gracious Pardon to any one of the ſaid Accomplices who ſhall diſcover the others concerned therein, ſo as they or any of them may be apprehended and convicted thereof. And His Majeſty is further moſt graciouſly pleaſed to promiſe a Reward of Two Hundred Pounds to ſuch Perſon as aforeſaid, or to any other Perſon or Perſons making ſuch Diſcovery.

TOWNSHEND.

The ſaid Mr. Criſpe doth likewiſe offer a further Reward of One Hundred Guineas to be paid to the Perſon or Perſons ſo making the Diſcovery as aboveſaid.

General Poſt Office, London, Jan. 5, 1721-22.

Whereas Benjamin Child and William Wade, two Perſons concerned in robbing the Briſtol Mails, have (by the Direction of the Poſtmaſter-General) been apprehended for the ſame, and are committed to Newgate; Theſe are therefore to give Notice to ſuch Perſons who may have been Sufferers by theſe Robberies, that there is alſo ſeized a conſiderable Number of Bills of Exchange and Notes of Hand, which are ſuppoſed to have been taken out of the ſaid Briſtol Mails in the ſeveral Robberies committed within theſe two Years laſt paſt, the Particulars of which may be ſeen in a Liſt kept at the General Poſt Office for that Purpoſe.

Advertiſements.

††† Next Week Propoſals will be Publiſhed for Printing by Subſcription, with a new beautiful Letter, and on the fineſt Super-Royal and Imperial Writing-Paper, Myotomia Reformata; or, A New Adminiſtration, Deſcription, and Uſe of all the Muſcles of the Human Body. By the late accurate Anatomiſt Mr. William Cowper. This Work is already very forward in the Preſs, and will contain above 100 Sheets in the largeſt Folio. In theſe will be included 68 large Copper Plates, beſides Head-Pieces, Initial Letters, and many other Decorations engraved in a fine Manner by Mr. Cowper himſelf. N. B. A great part of the Impreſſion being already ſubſcribed for, thoſe Gentlemen who intend to take the Advantage of the Propoſals, are deſired ſpeedily to ſend their Names and Titles to the Undertakers R. Knaplock and W. and J. Innys in St. Paul's Church-Yard, and J. Tooſon in the Strand; where Specimens of the Paper, Print, and Cuts are to be ſeen.

WHereas on Wedneſday the 22d of November laſt, two Gentlewomen in their Coach were robbed of Money and Goods, between Mile End and Bow by one Man on a little Horſe; and Notice was given thereof to three Strangers on Horſeback, who paſſed by them immediately after the Robbery, and they were deſired to purſue the Perſon; and they ſtopt him in Cheapſide on Suſpicion of the Robbery; and they called at the Gentlewoman's at Bromley, to acquaint her therewith; but ſhe not being at Home, and they not leaving their Names or Place of Abode, they are deſired to call at the ſaid Houſe at Bromley any time before the 12th Inſtant, in order to proſecute the ſaid Perſon who is now in Cuſtody, that being intitled to the Reward, on Conviction, as the Law directs.

WHereas a Commiſſion of Bankrupt is awarded againſt Joſias Couſe, of Cheapſide, London, Linnendraper, and he being declared a Bankrupt; is hereby required to ſurrender himſelf to the Commiſſioners on the 10th and 17th Inſtant, and on the 5th of February next, at Three in the Afternoon, at Guildhall, London; at the ſecond of which Sittings the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and chuſe Aſſignees. And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Bankrupt, or that have any Goods or Effects of his in their Hands, are deſired to give Notice thereof to Mr. Obadiah Martyat, Attorney, in Baſwell-Court near Lincoln's Inn.

WHereas Richard Bayly, late of Bromyard, in the County of Hereford, Chapman, hath ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been thrice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commiſſioners on the 18th Inſtant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of William Shipman, known by the Sign of the Falcon Inn, in Bromyard aforeſaid, to finiſh his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

WHereas George Liſle, of Colcheſter, in the County of Eſſex, Apothecary, hath ſurrendred himſelf (purſuant to Notice) and been twice examined; This is to give Notice, that he will attend the Commiſſioners on the 18th of January Inſtant, at Ten in the Forenoon, at the Houſe of Joſeph Rich, called the Old Tavern in Colcheſter aforeſaid, to finiſh his Examination; when and where the Creditors are to come prepared to prove their Debts, pay Contribution-Money, and aſſent to or diſſent from the Allowance of his Certificate.

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